

Briefing Notes for Meeting Chair

Торіс	Tips
Welcome	 Set the tone by being friendly and approachable
	 Try not to be too formal
	 Everyone should share their name and role, including support people
	 Depending on the amount of people ice breakers can help people feel comfortable
Information about venue	 Share useful accessibility information about the room and the venue
	 If you have several wheelchair users present and there is only one accessible toilet, extra time may be needed for breaks.
	 Make sure instructions for emergency evacuation include information for disabled people.
Accessibility Requirements	 Explain the accessibility support that is available. For, example interpretation or captioning.



	 Ask about accessibility requirements. This information should have been gathered and shared with you before the meeting. You can double check in case anything was missed.
Remind everyone about language	 Everyone should use everyday language with no jargon. If jargon has to be used make sure it is explained well. Double check that everyone understands. Everyone should try to speak clearly and slowly. Explain you will be keeping an eye on language accessibility and you will remind people if needed. Encourage everyone to do the same.
Review the agenda	 Explain the main goals for the meeting. Go through each agenda item, who is responsible, and how long there is for each item. Knowing timings is useful for a chairperson to keep control of the meeting. Explain that side conversations and ideas are important and will be



for Inclusive Participation	
	 collected, but you will be making sure the meeting follows the agenda. Following the agenda is important as people may have prepared comments and questions for certain items in advance.
	• Explain how asking questions will work. For example, have questions been sent in advance? Can people jump in with questions? Is there a time for questions and comments as part of each agenda item?
	 Sum up each comment or question that is raised so that everyone can follow what is being said.
	 It is helpful for the chairperson to sum up key points and actions before moving on to the next agenda item
Control the timing	 Everyone needs breaks in long meetings.
	 Some people may rely on medication, food or support needs at certain times, so meetings that run over can cause distress.
	 Check the arrangements for making a meeting longer and always ask



	 participants if the meeting runs over if they're happy to continue. Do not be afraid to cut the meeting off. Encourage everyone to have their say.
	 Everyone needs to be given the opportunity to take part and sometimes this takes longer than expected.
	 Some people may take over the conversation, others may need to be asked directly to feel comfortable to speak out. It is the chairperson's role to manage this.
	 Check who looks like they have notes prepared in advance to share and who has not had a chance to speak.
Make sure good support is happening	 Support people should be respectful and should not take part in the meeting themselves.
	 Support people may speak if the person they are supporting asks them to clarify a point or explain something.
	 Some examples of bad support are: telling people what to say



	 speaking for the people they are supporting or interrupting them not paying attention to the meeting asking closed or leading questions, for example, "You agree with this point don't you?" If you think bad support is happening, wait until the break and address it.
Wrapping Up	 Always give people an option for sharing ideas or comments at a later point in case someone has not had a chance to speak or thinks of something to add after the meeting. Provide a contact and deadline for this.
	 Explain the next steps and how meeting notes and actions will be shared and organised.
	 Make sure everyone is aware of expense claim procedures.
	 Ask for feedback on how well the meeting went, and what could be improved.